

# Building information visualizations with PubMed

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# Why PubMed?

It's big enough to tell us something about the biomedical literature as a whole

It's free!

It's easy to develop against

# PubMed and MEDLINE

MEDLINE is the carefully organized database from the National Library of Medicine that provides access to “journal articles in life sciences with a concentration on biomedicine”

Curated list of more than [5,600 journals](#)

Citations indexed with [MeSH controlled vocabulary](#)

Almost 24 million indexed citations

PubMed is that and in-process stuff, publisher-supplied records, books, etc. – a little more than 27 million records

Both are searched through the same interface

# Why visualizations?

Hard (at least for some of us) to form mental pictures without them

They're pretty!

If they are *interactive*, they can give one a new way of interfacing with data

# Basic Pattern

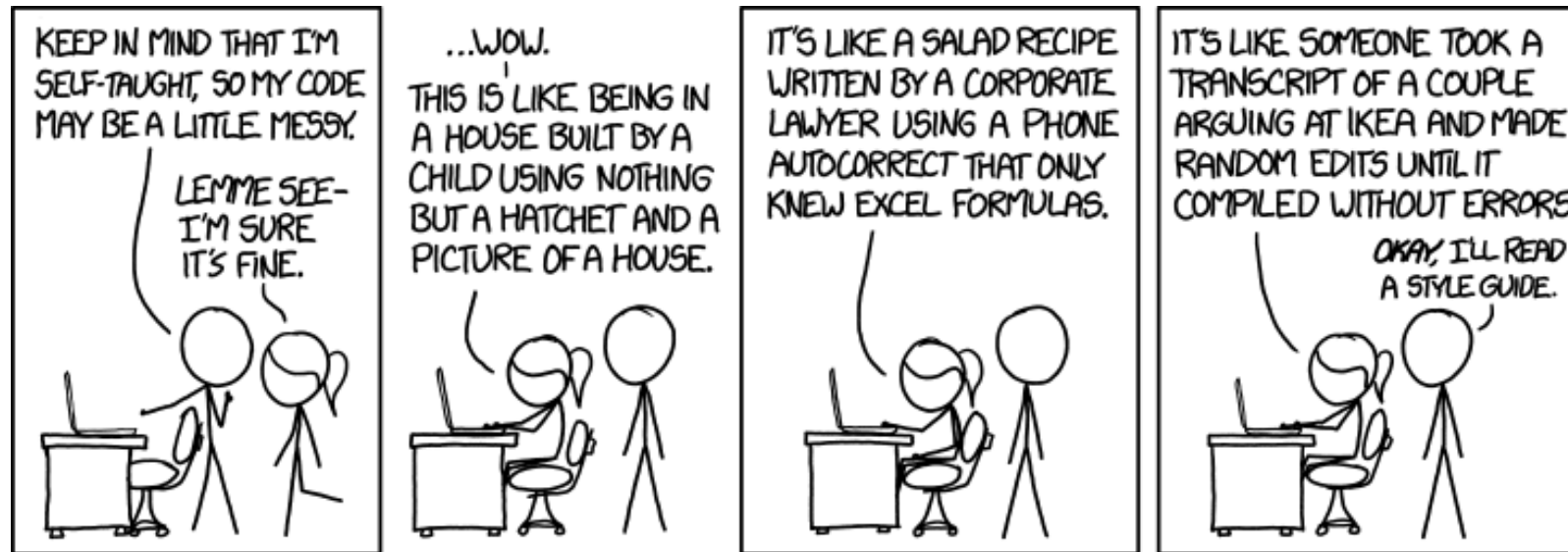
1. Send search to PubMed
2. Retrieve counts
3. Compare them to a baseline of some kind
4. Graph the difference
5. ???
6. Profit

# Design Principles: Fast, Cheap and Out of Control

Use existing libraries whenever possible

Push as much out to the browser as possible

Working code will work just fine...



# E-Utilities

API to NCBI databases

Maintained by NLM

Simple syntax for calls – easy to implement in many environments

```
https://eutils.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/entrez/eutils/esearch.fcgi?db=pubmed  
&term=diabetes&retmode=json&rettype=count
```

Brand-new documentation at <https://dataguide.nlm.nih.gov/>

# Google Charts

Free

Simple

Works across browsers and probably(?) will be supported for a while

*Lots* of different iterations on the same theme

Once you figure out one, easier to do another



# Case one: Distribution by MeSH category or Subheading

MeSH headings are classes under 16 main branches

“Anatomy”, “Humanities”, etc

Many times MeSH headings will be further qualified with a subheading

“Analysis”, “Diagnosis”, “Psychology”, etc.

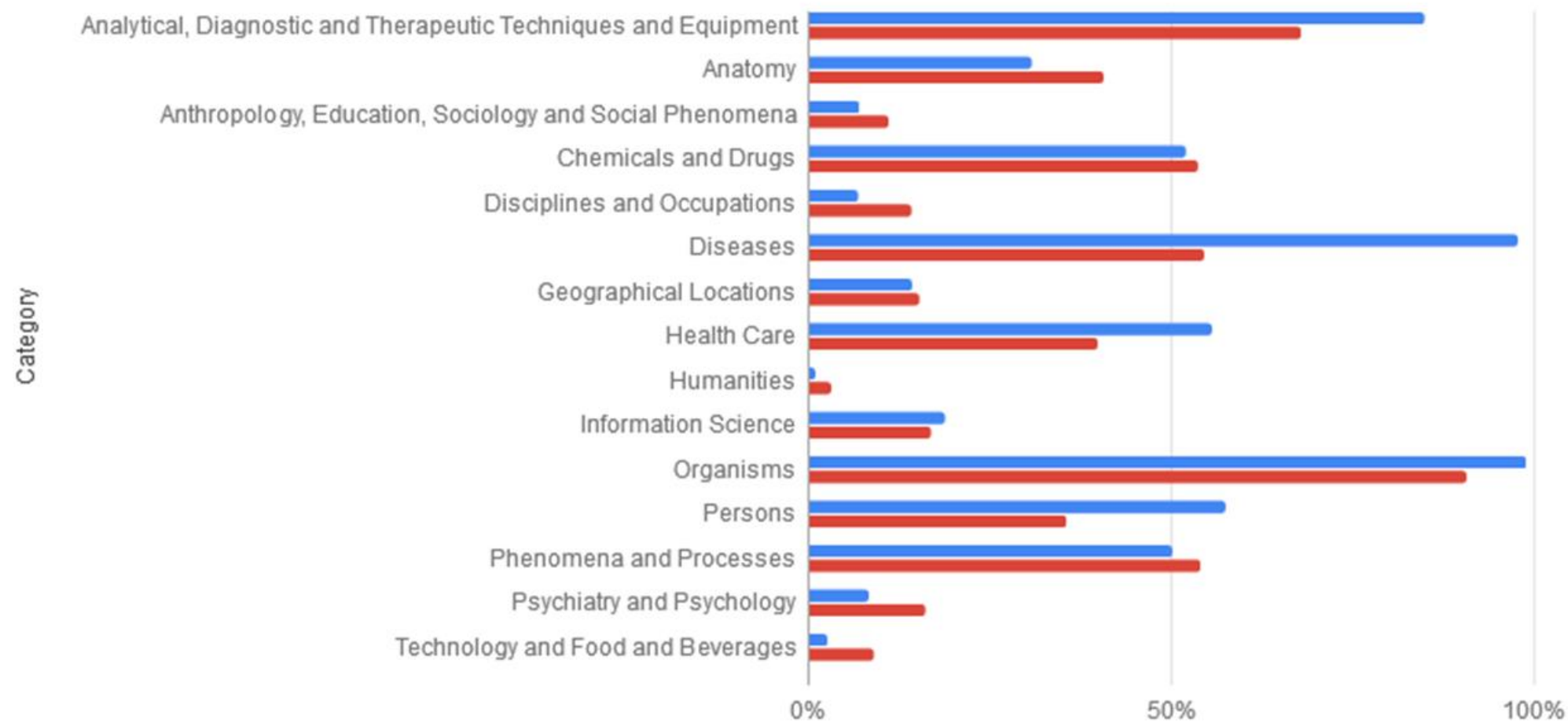
Do the *proportions* of headings under each tell us something about our search?

<https://esperr.github.io/mesh-cat-graph/> and

<https://esperr.github.io/mesh-subhead-graph/>

# Percentage of results in each category for "myocardial infarction"

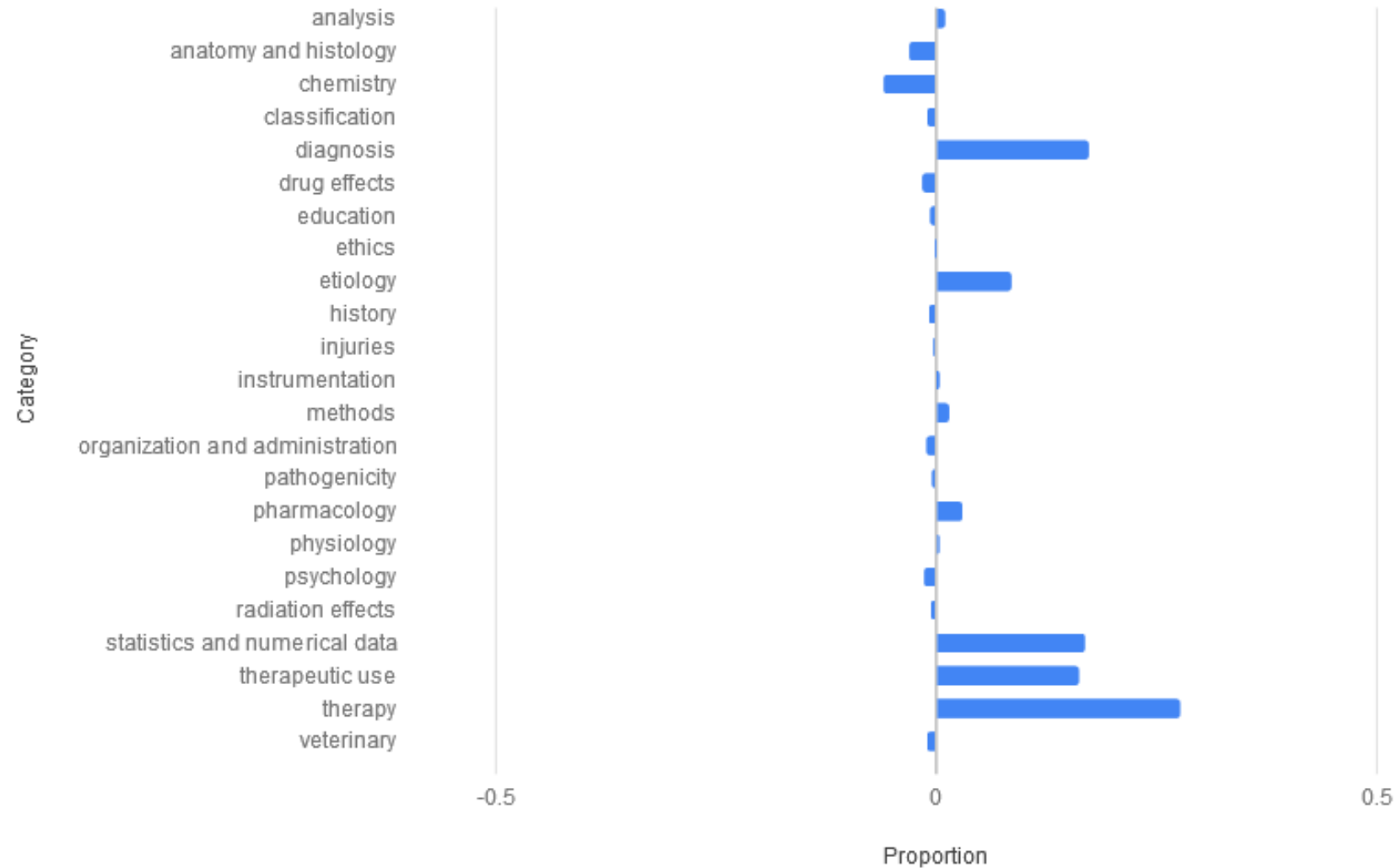
Your search  
All MEDLINE



Made with Mesh Category Graph: <http://esperr.github.io/mesh-cat-graph/>

Percentage

## Proportion of subheadings for "myocardial infarction" compared to baseline



Made with Mesh Subheading Graph: <http://esperr.github.io/mesh-subhead-graph/>

Difference between proportions of results for "cancer" and "heart disease" in each category



Made with Mesh Category Graph: <http://esperr.github.io/mesh-cat-graph/>

cancer | heart disease

# Case two: citations on a choropleth

MeSH headings include not only topic areas but *geographic regions*

Around 15% of all indexed records are tagged with the name of a continent, country or city

For real coverage, probably want to throw in some text search as well

Too slow to do everything at once, so we split up the work

<https://esperr.github.io/mapping-medline/>

# Mapping MEDLINE

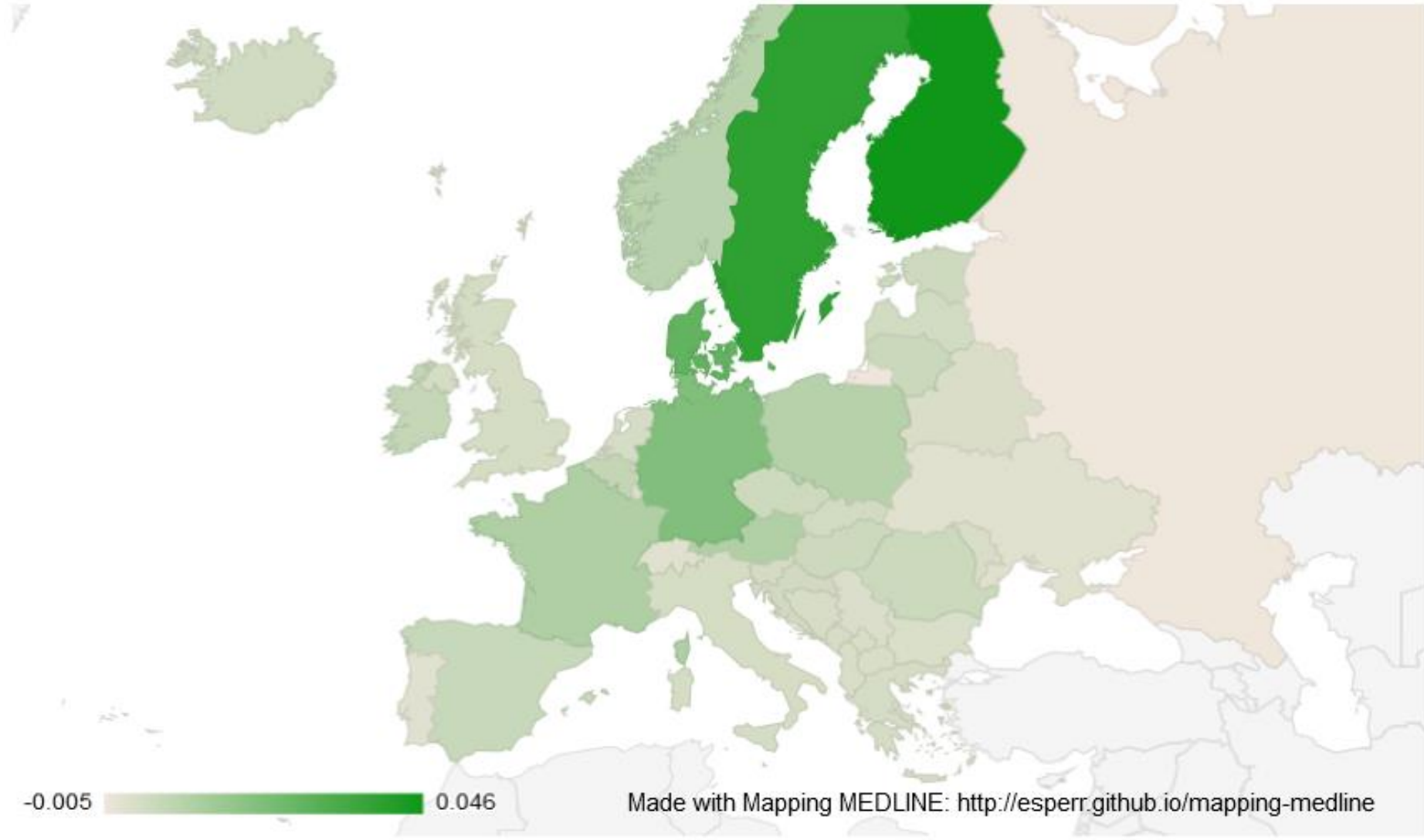
10,335 geographically tagged results for 'Diabetes Mellitus, Type 1'

(Select a region below to see the map)

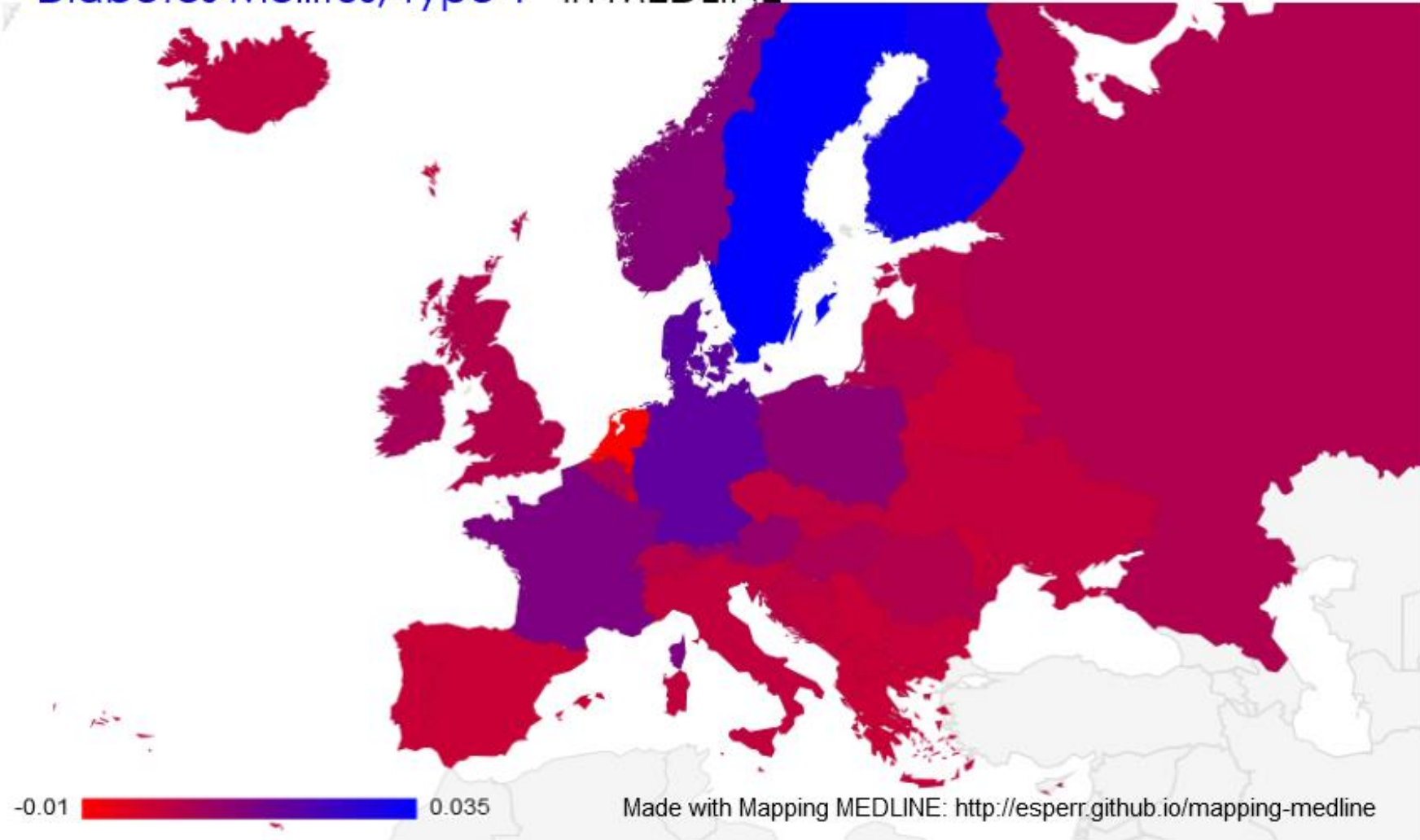
<b>Africa</b> 540	<b>Asia</b> 1,790
<b>Caribbean Region</b> 72	<b>Central America</b> 4
<b>Europe</b> 5,348	<b>North America</b> 2,462
<b>Oceania</b> 445	<b>South America</b> 301

Note: Use the 'Back to region list' link to return to this list

# Proportion of MEDLINE citations for 'Diabetes Mellitus, Type 1 ' in Europe



Proportion of 'Diabetes Mellitus, Type 2' vs  
'Diabetes Mellitus, Type 1' in MEDLINE





# Case three: Citations over time

We *could* search each year individually, but that would take forever  
Is there something else we could do?

Urlfetch and regex to the rescue!

<https://esperr.github.io/pubmed-by-year/>

The screenshot shows a PubMed search results page. On the left, there are three article entries:

- [Psychiatry: Benchmarks for the H-Index.](#)  
Rig R, Rittenbach K.  
3. doi: 10.1007/s40596-016-0656-2. [Epub ahead of print]
- [Biosensors in Italy: A Review of the 2015 Literature.](#)  
Gard, Natale CD, Neri G, Seeber R, Tajani A.  
14;17(4). pii: E868. doi: 10.3390/s17040868. Review.
- [Oropouche research: impact on the surveillance of emerging arboviruses](#)  
Ospina JA, Patiño-Barbosa AM, Rodríguez-Morales AJ.  
Feb 28 [revised 2017 Mar 17];6:194. doi: 10.12688/1000research.10936.2. eCollection  
IC Article
- [Lung, and Blood Institute Data Repository](#)  
Wagner EL, Goldfarb ME, Hitchcock DM, Giffen CA.  
doi: 10.1056/NEJMsa1603542. [Epub ahead of print]  
Article

On the right side of the page, there is a sidebar with the following sections:

- Diagnosis/Broad (475)
- Etiology/Broad (1196)
- Georgia Regents University Reese Library, GA (6268)
- Prognosis/Broad (457)
- Therapy/Broad (992)
- Manage Filters
- Results by year: A bar chart showing the number of citations per year, with a 'Download CSV' link below it.
- Related searches: bibliometric analysis diabetes, research bibliometric analysis

# Proportion of citations in PubMed

proportion for each search by year, 1945 to 2017



Made with PubMed by Year: <http://esperr.github.io/pubmed-by-year>

# Case four: Venn diagrams

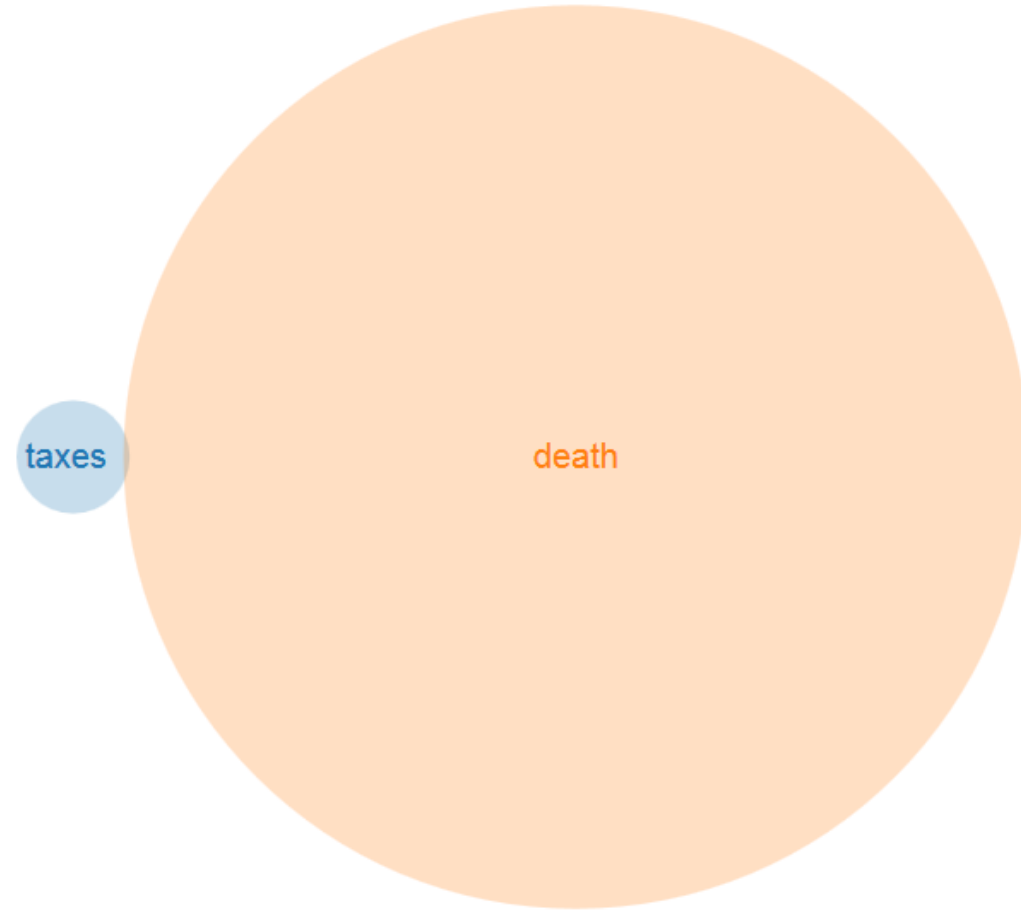
Librarians love Venn diagrams!

Another way of seeing beyond numbers

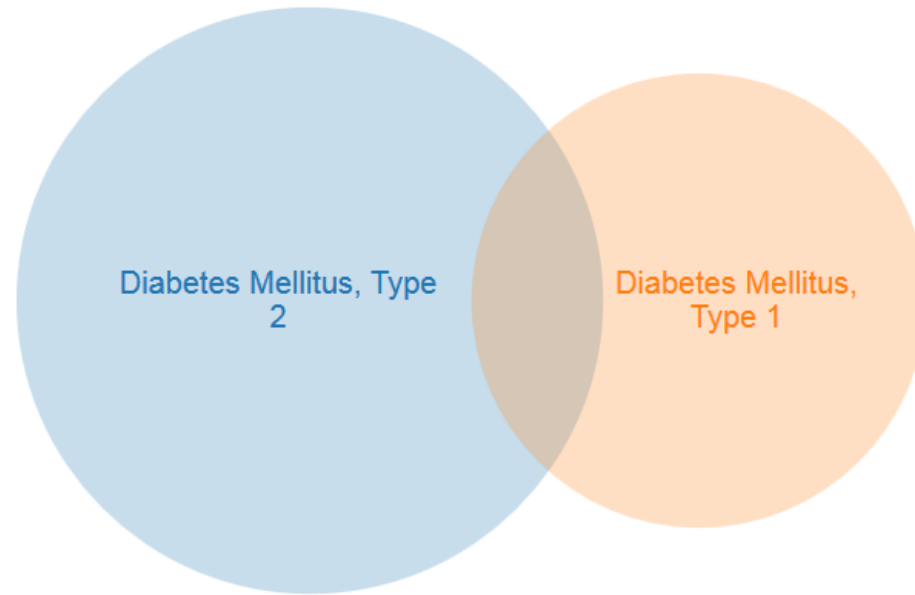
Does require a little [d3](#) (with the help of [venn.js](#))

<https://pubvenn.appspot.com/>

# death and taxes



# Diabetes Mellitus, Type 2 AND Diabetes Mellitus, Type 1



# Questions?

<https://esperr.github.io/visualizingpubmed/>

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